No. 703

Introduced by Senator Richardson

February 21, 2025

An act to add Part 3 (commencing with Section 2000) to Division 6 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, and to add Article 1.6 (commencing with Section 2790) to Chapter 2 of Division 3 of the Labor Code, relating to employment.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 703, as amended, Richardson. Ports: truck drivers.

Existing law regulates the operation of ports and harbors. Existing law requires a person providing labor or services for remuneration to be considered an employee rather than an independent contractor unless the hiring entity demonstrates that certain conditions are satisfied, including that the person is free from the control and direction of the hiring entity in connection with the performance of the work, both under the contract for the performance of the work and in fact.

This bill would require a trucking company and a truck driver who is not classified as an employee by a trucking company to provide to a port, before a truck driver enters the port, certain information related to the truck driver's legal classification as either an employee or an independent contractor, including a sworn affirmation by a trucking company that the trucking company is withholding all required taxes from the wages of any truck driver who is considered an employee under state law. By expanding the scope of the crime of perjury, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would punish a person who provides false or misleading information for the

purpose of representing compliance with the bill with a certain civil penalty, as prescribed.

This bill would require a port to disclose, in a prominent place on its internet website, information provided by a trucking company that uses the port, including, but not limited to, whether the trucking company uses employees, independent contractors, or both. The bill would prohibit a port from granting entry to a trucking company if the trucking company has not provided to the port the information that is required to be disclosed on the port's internet website. The bill would impose a penalty of \$60,000 on a port for each trucking company that is granted entry to the port in violation of that prohibition. to the port pursuant to the provision described above, as prescribed.

This bill would require a port, on or before the 15th of each month, to provide to the Labor Commissioner specified information regarding each truck that entered the port during the prior month. The bill would require a port, upon request of the Labor Commissioner, to provide additional information regarding a truck that entered the port.

By imposing new duties on ports, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Part 3 (commencing with Section 2000) is added

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2 to Division 6 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, to read:

1 2	PART 3. PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL PORTS
2 3	Chapter 1. Definitions
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5	2000. Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions in
6	this chapter apply to this part.
7	2001. "Port" means a port in the state, including, but not limited
8	to, all of the following:
9	(a) The Port of Benicia.
10	(b) The Port of Hueneme.
11	(c) The Port of Long Beach.
12	(d) The Port of Los Angeles.
13	(e) The Port of Oakland.
14	(f) The Port of Redwood City.
15	(g) The Port of Richmond.
16	(h) The Port of San Diego.
17	(i) The Port of San Francisco.
18	(j) The Port of Stockton.
19	(k) The Port of West Sacramento.
20	(<i>l</i>) The Humboldt Bay Harbor District.
21	2002. "Trucking company" has the same meaning as Section
22	2790 of the Labor Code.
23 24	2003. "SCAC" means a Standard Carrier Alpha Code issued
24	by the National Motor Freight Traffic Association, Inc.
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26	Chapter 2. Trucking Companies
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28	2050. As used in this chapter, "port" means any of the
29	following:
30	(a) The Port of Long Beach.
31	(b) The Port of Los Angeles.
32	(c) The Port of Oakland.
33	2050.
34	2051. A port shall disclose, in a prominent place on its internet
35	website, the information provided to the port by a trucking

- company pursuant to Section 2790.1 of the Labor Code. 2051. (a) A port shall not grant entry to a trucking company 36
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- 38 if the trucking company has not complied with Section 2790.1 of
- 39 the Labor Code.

1 (b) A port shall be subject to a penalty of sixty thousand dollars 2 (\$60,000) for each trucking company that is granted entry to the 3 port in violation of subdivision (a) unless that entry was gained 4 through the trucking company providing false or misleading 5 information. (c) A penalty under this section shall be assessed and collected 6 7 by the Labor Commissioner. 8 2052. (a) A port shall, on or before the 15th of each month, 9 provide to the Labor Commissioner all of the following information regarding each truck that entered the port during the prior month: 10 (1) The name of the port and gate used for entry. 11 12 (2) The date and time of entry. 13 (3) The name of the truck driver and the truck driver's authority 14 information. 15 (4) The name of the owner of the truck. (5) The name of the owner of the cargo moved by the truck. 16 17 (6) The standard SCAC, if any, and the owner of the SCAC. 18 (7) Whose authority was used for entry. 19 (8) The named insured on the insurance policy that covered the 20 truck. 21 (9) The United States Department of Transportation registration 22 number on the truck and the name of the individual who is 23 associated with that registration. (b) Upon request by the Labor Commissioner, a port shall 24 25 provide additional information regarding a truck that entered the 26 port. 27 SEC. 2. Article 1.6 (commencing with Section 2790) is added 28 to Chapter 2 of Division 3 of the Labor Code, to read: 29 30 Article 1.6. Truck Drivers at Ports 31 32 2790. As used in this article: 33 (a) "Employee" means a truck driver who is an employee of a 34 trucking company or a truck driver who is unable to comply with 35 subdivision (b) of Section 2790.1. (b) "Port" means any of the following: 36 37 (1) The Port of Long Beach. 38 (2) The Port of Los Angeles. 39 (3) The Port of Oakland.

40 (b)

(c) "SCAC" means a Standard Carrier Alpha Code issued by 1 2 the National Motor Freight Traffic Association, Inc. 3 (e)4 (d) "Trucking company" means a company who employs, or 5 contracts with, truck drivers to move cargo for the company's 6 customers under the company's state or federal operating authority or using the company's SCAC. 7 8 2790.1. (a) A trucking company shall provide to a port, port, 9 and the port shall receive, before any employee enters a port, all of the following with respect to that entity's employee truck 10 drivers: 11 12 (1) A worker's compensation insurance policy that covers all 13 employee truck drivers. 14 (2) The number of trucker driver employees covered by the 15 worker's compensation insurance policy. (3) A sworn affirmation that the trucking company is 16 17 withholding all required taxes from the wages of any driver who 18 is considered an employee under state law. 19 (b) (1) A truck driver who is not an employee shall provide to 20 a port, before entering the port, all of the following: 21 (\mathbf{A}) 22 (1) Proof of insurance. 23 (B) 24 (2) The truck driver's federal operating authority, commonly 25 referred to as a Motor Carrier (MC) number. 26 (\mathbf{C}) 27 (3) The truck driver's Department of Transportation (DOT) 28 number issued by the Federal Department of Transportation. 29 (D) 30 (4) The truck driver's California number issued by the 31 Department of the California Highway Patrol. 32 (E)

33 (5) The truck driver's California motor carrier permit.

34 (F)

35 (6) The truck driver's SCAC. *SCAC or the identity of the owner*

36 of the SCAC being used.

37 (G)

38 (7) The truck's registration with the Department of

39 Transportation.

1 (2) A truck driver who is not classified as an employee by a

2 trucking company shall pick up a container only using the truck
3 driver's own SCAC.

4 (3) A truck driver who is not an employee shall display the name

5 of the trucking company with which the truck driver contracts or

6 that the truck driver owns on the doors of the truck before entering,

7 and while on the premises of, a port.

8 2790.2. (a) A person who provides false or misleading 9 information for the purpose of representing compliance with this 10 article shall be liable for a civil penalty in the amount of one 11 hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).

(b) A person who, by providing false or misleading information
 for the purpose of representing compliance with this article, gains
 entry to a port shall be additionally liable for a civil penalty in the
 amount of sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000).

16 SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to

Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution for certaincosts that may be incurred by a local agency or school district

because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or infraction,

20 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime

21 or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the

22 Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the

23 meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California24 Constitution.

25 However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that

this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursementto local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

27 to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made
28 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division

29 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

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