THE SENATE THIRTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE, 2025 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. 685

JAN 1 7 2025

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION OF POLLUTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The goal of this Act is to reduce Hawaii's greenhouse gas emissions in furtherance of the State's zero emissions clean economy target established in Act 15, Session Laws of Hawaii 2018, and to provide financial relief in a progressive manner to the residents of the State. To achieve this goal, this Act establishes a carbon cashback program that utilizes:

8 (1) The environmental response, energy, and food security
9 tax to reduce greenhouse gas emissions; and
10 (2) Refundable tax credits to distribute the proceeds of
11 the tax in equal shares to taxpayers of the State, who
12 will bear the brunt of the expected increase in costs
13 of fossil fuel products.

14 One of the tools available for reducing greenhouse gas
15 emissions is to tax fossil fuels. When the tax is sufficient,
16 it has been proven to be effective in substantially reducing
17 consumption. Hawaii has a thirty-year history of assessing a



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1 tax on fossil fuel distributors for fossil fuel distribution in
2 the State. However, the existing tax rate is not designed to
3 reduce consumption, but rather to generate funding to mitigate
4 some of the risks and adverse impacts of fossil fuel use and
5 climate change. This Act raises the tax in increments,
6 gradually increasing its effect in reducing the consumption of
7 fossil fuels.

8 The environmental response tax was established by Act 300,
9 Session Laws of Hawaii 1993. Initially, the tax rate for
10 petroleum products was five cents per barrel. The tax revenue
11 was used to:

12 (1) Prevent, remove, and remediate oil spills;

13 (2) Support oil recycling programs; and

14 (3) Address concerns related to underground storage tanks.
15 Later, Act 73, Session Laws of Hawaii 2010, increased the tax to
16 \$1.05 per barrel and renamed the tax the environmental response,
17 energy, and food security tax. Act 73 also expanded the purpose
18 of the tax by funding activities that mitigate the adverse
19 impacts of climate change.

20 The legislature finds that a policy that taxes fossil fuels21 based on their emissions, often called a carbon tax, and returns



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1 to people the revenues, commonly known as dividends, has
2 received broad support from economists. More than three
3 thousand six hundred economists have signed a statement
4 endorsing the carbon tax and dividend concept, including
5 twenty-eight Nobel Laureate economists, four former Chairs of
6 the Federal Reserve, and fifteen former Chairs of the Council of
7 Economic Advisors.

8 The statement reads, in part, "[a] carbon tax offers the 9 most cost-effective lever to reduce carbon emissions at the 10 scale and speed that is necessary." The statement goes on to 11 say that the carbon tax should be increased until emission 12 reduction goals are met. It continues by stating, "[t]o 13 maximize the fairness and political viability of a rising carbon 14 tax, all the revenue should be returned directly to U.S. 15 citizens through equal lump-sum rebates. The majority of American families, including the most vulnerable, will benefit 16 financially by receiving more in 'carbon dividends' than they 17 18 pay in increased energy prices."

19 In accordance with Act 122, Session Laws of Hawaii 2019, 20 the state energy office commissioned "a study of carbon pricing, 21 including whether and how a carbon pricing policy shall be

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1 implemented in Hawaii". In April 2021, the University of Hawaii Economic Research Organization (UHERO) completed the study in 2 3 April 2021, entitled, "Carbon Pricing Assessment for Hawaii: Economic and Greenhouse Gas Impacts". The study concluded that 4 5 a carbon tax and dividend policy would substantially reduce the 6 consumption of fossil fuels, and most of Hawaii's households 7 would receive a net financial benefit, with lower-income 8 households gaining the most.

9 This Act expands the purpose of the environmental response, 10 energy, and food security tax in order to effectively reduce 11 greenhouse gas emissions, and renames the tax as the 12 environmental response, energy, carbon emissions, and food 13 security tax. The increase in the tax under this Act is 14 informally referred herein as the "carbon emissions tax" for 15 descriptive purposes and to distinguish it from the existing tax 16 rate. The carbon emissions tax rates are derived from the low 17 tax scenario considered in the UHERO study, updated for 18 inflation. The tax rates in the UHERO study, which are 19 expressed in dollars per metric ton of carbon dioxide 20 equivalent, are converted to the units used in the environmental 21 response, energy, carbon emissions, and food security tax, which

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1 are dollars per barrel for petroleum products and dollars per 2 million British thermal units for other types of fossil fuels, 3 such as natural gas. The carbon dioxide equivalent factors for 4 petroleum and non-petroleum fossil fuels include the emissions 5 of carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide. These emission factors are taken from the United States Environmental 6 7 Protection Agency's Emission Factors for Greenhouse Gas 8 Inventories (modified April 1, 2021).

9 The progression of the increase in the carbon emissions tax 10 differs from that which is considered in the UHERO study by 11 starting lower in the initial year to avoid a sudden large 12 increase in prices, then increasing until the tenth year of 13 implementation, when it approximates the rate considered in the 14 UHERO study at that point. From that year forward, the annual increase in the tax only accounts for expected inflation. 15 Each 16 year, taxpayers of the State will receive, in the form of 17 refundable tax credits, a total amount equivalent to the 18 expected carbon emissions tax revenue from the previous year, 19 less an amount needed to administer the program, including a 20 public awareness campaign. Every individual taxpayer will be

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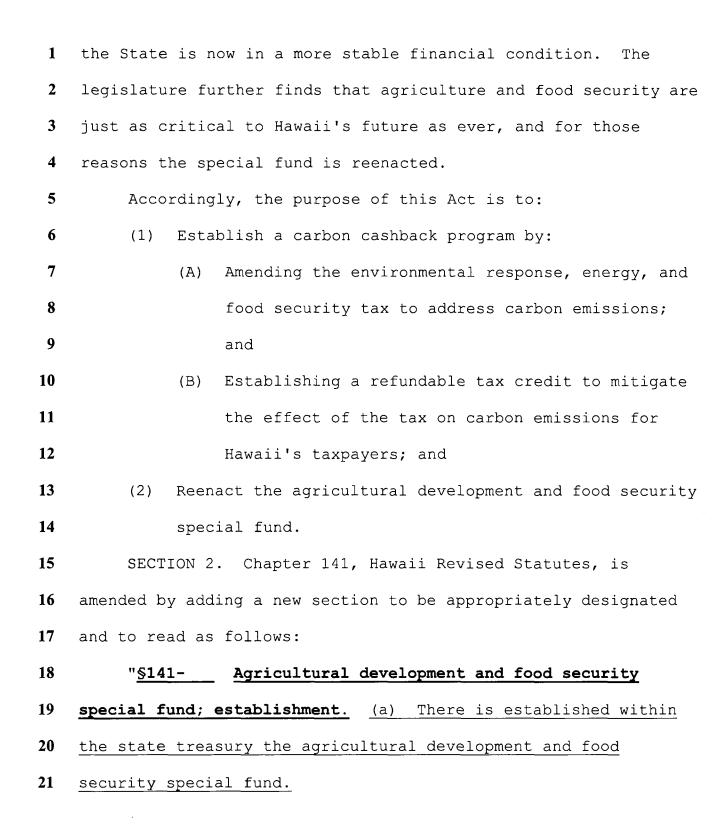
1 eligible for the same refundable tax credit in any particular 2 year, and every dependent will be eligible for half that amount. 3 The following illustrates how the carbon emissions tax and 4 refundable tax credits will progress. In the first year of implementation, 2026, the carbon emissions tax is \$0.05 per 5 6 gallon for petroleum products, and the refundable tax credit is 7 \$40 per individual taxpayer and \$20 per dependent, available the 8 following year when the tax return is filed. In the fifth year, 9 2030, the carbon emissions tax is \$0.40 per gallon, and the 10 refundable tax credit is \$283 per individual taxpayer and \$141 11 per dependent. In 2035, when the refundable tax credit peaks, 12 the carbon emissions tax is \$0.90 per gallon, and the refundable 13 tax credit is \$473 per individual taxpayer and \$237 per 14 dependent.

15 This Act also reenacts the agricultural development and 16 food security special fund, which was repealed in 2021. At that 17 time, the State found itself in a budget crisis due to a 18 reduction in the general fund, as a result of the coronavirus 19 disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic. Moneys from the repealed 20 agricultural development and food security special fund were 21 used to fortify the general fund. The legislature finds that



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1	(b)	The following moneys shall be deposited into the	
2	special fund:		
3	(1)	The portion of the environmental response, energy,	
4		carbon emissions, and food security tax specified	
5		under section 243-3.5;	
6	(2)	Any appropriation by the legislature into the special	
7		fund;	
8	(3)	Any grant or donation made to the special fund; and	
9	(4)	Any interest earned on the balance of the special	
10		fund.	
11	(c)	Subject to legislative appropriation, moneys in the	
12	special f	und may be expended for the following purposes:	
13	(1)	The awarding of grants to farmers for agricultural	
14		production or processing activity;	
15	(2)	The acquisition of real property for agricultural	
16		production or processing activity;	
17	(3)	The improvement of real property, irrigation systems,	
18		and transportation networks necessary to promote	
19		agricultural production or processing activity;	
20	(4)	The purchase of equipment necessary for agricultural	
21		production or processing activity;	



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1	(5)	The conduct of research on and testing of agricultural
2		products and markets;
3	(6)	The funding of agricultural inspector positions within
4		the department of agriculture;
5	(7)	The promotion and marketing of agricultural products
6		grown or raised in the State; and
7	(8)	Any other activity that is intended to increase
8		agricultural production or processing and that may
9		lead to reduced importation of food, fodder, or feed
10		from outside the State.
11	<u>(d)</u>	No later than twenty days prior to the convening of
12	each regu	lar session, the department of agriculture shall submit
13	a_report_	to the legislature on the status and progress of
14	existing	programs and activities and the status of new programs
15	and activ	ities funded under the agricultural development and
16	food secu	rity special fund. The report shall also include:
17	(1)	The spending plan of the agricultural development and
18		food security special fund;
19	(2)	All expenditures of agricultural development and food
20		security special fund moneys;



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1	(3)	The targeted markets of the expenditures, including
2		reasons for selecting those markets;
3	(4)	The persons to be served using the expenditures; and
4	(5)	The specific objectives of the expenditures, including
5		measurable outcomes."
6	SECT	ION 3. Chapter 231, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended b	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
8	and to re	ad as follows:
9	" <u>§23</u>	1- Carbon emissions tax and dividend special fund.
10	(a) Ther	e is established the carbon emissions tax and dividend
11	special f	und, into which shall be deposited the amount specified
12	by sectio	n 243-3.5.
13	(b)	Moneys in the carbon emissions tax and dividend
14	special f	und shall be administered by the department of taxation
15	and shall	be expended for salaries, contracted services,
16	supplies,	and other administrative expenses to:
17	(1)	Administer the environmental response, energy, carbon
18		emissions, and food security tax;
19	(2)	Administer the refundable tax credits established by
20		section 235- ; and



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1	<u>(3)</u> In	crease public awareness and interest in the
2	re	fundable tax credits established by
3	se	ction 235"
4	SECTION	4. Chapter 235, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by a	dding a new section to part III to be appropriately
6	designated a	nd to read as follows:
7	" <u>\$235-</u>	Carbon cashback tax credit. (a) There shall be
8	allowed to ea	ach qualifying taxpayer subject to the tax imposed
9	under this cl	hapter, a carbon cashback tax credit that shall be
10	applied again	nst the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any,
11	imposed by t	his chapter for the taxable year in which the credit
12	is properly o	claimed.
13	(b) The	e amount of the tax credit shall be equal to the sum
14	of the follow	wing:
15	<u>(1)</u> Amo	ount based on taxpayer's filing status:
16	<u>(A)</u>) For taxpayers filing as single or married filing
17		separately:
18		\$40 for 2026
19		\$80 for 2027
20		\$154 for 2028
21		\$222 for 2029



1		\$283 for 2030
2		<u>\$335 for 2031</u>
3		<u>\$380 for 2032</u>
4		\$418 for 2033
5		<u>\$449 for 2034</u>
6		\$473 for 2035
7		\$473 for 2036
8		\$471 for 2037
9		<u>\$469 for 2038</u>
10		<u>\$466 for 2039</u>
11		\$462 for 2040
12		<u>\$442 for 2041</u>
13		<u>\$421 for 2042</u>
14		\$397 for 2043
15		\$373 for 2044
16		<u>\$346 for 2045;</u>
17	<u>(B)</u>	For taxpayers filing as a head of household:
18		\$40 for 2026
19		\$80 for 2027
20		\$154 for 2028
21		\$222 for 2029



1		<u>\$283 for 2030</u>
2		\$335 for 2031
3		\$380 for 2032
4		<u>\$418 for 2033</u>
5		\$449 for 2034
6		\$473 for 2035
7		\$473 for 2036
8		\$471 for 2037
9		\$469 for 2038
10		\$466 for 2039
11		\$462 for 2040
12		\$442 for 2041
13		<u>\$421 for 2042</u>
14		\$397 for 2043
15		\$373 for 2044
16		\$346 for 2045; and
17	<u>(C)</u>	For taxpayers filing a joint return or as a
18		surviving spouse:
19		\$83 for 2026
20		<u>\$161 for 2027</u>
21		\$309 for 2028



1		\$444 for 2029
2		\$565 for 2030
3		\$670 for 2031
4		\$760 for 2032
5		\$836 for 2033
6		\$898 for 2034
7		\$946 for 2035
8		\$946 for 2036
9		\$943 for 2037
10		\$939 for 2038
11		\$932 for 2039
12		\$925 for 2040
13		\$885 for 2041
14		\$841 for 2042
15		\$795 for 2043
16		\$745 for 2044
17		\$693 for 2045; and
18	(2)	Amount per dependent claimed:
19		\$20 for 2026
20		\$40 for 2027
21		\$77 for 2028



1 \$111 for 2029 \$141 for 2030 2 3 \$167 for 2031 4 \$190 for 2032 5 \$209 for 2033 6 \$225 for 2034 7 \$237 for 2035 8 \$236 for 2036 9 \$236 for 2037 10 \$235 for 2038 11 \$233 for 2039 12 \$231 for 2040 13 \$221 for 2041 14 \$210 for 2042 15 \$199 for 2043 16 \$186 for 2044 17 \$173 for 2045. 18 (c) If the tax credit claimed by the taxpayer under this 19 section exceeds the amount of the income tax payments due from 20 the taxpayer, the excess of credit over payments due shall be 21 refunded to the taxpayer; provided that the tax credit properly



1	claimed b	y a taxpayer who has no income tax liability shall be			
2	paid to the taxpayer; and provided further that no refunds or				
3	payments	on account of the tax credit allowed by this section			
4	shall be	made for amounts less than \$1.			
5	All	claims for the tax credit under this section, including			
6	amended c	laims, shall be filed on or before the end of the			
7	twelfth m	onth following the close of the taxable year for which			
8	the credi	t may be claimed. Failure to comply with the foregoing			
9	provision	shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim the			
10	credit.				
11	(d)	The director of taxation:			
12	(1)	Shall prepare any forms that may be necessary to claim			
13		a tax credit under this section;			
14	(2)	May require the taxpayer to furnish reasonable			
15		information to ascertain the validity of the claim for			
16		the tax credit made under this section; and			
17	(3)	May adopt rules under chapter 91 necessary to			
18		effectuate the purposes of this section.			
19	(e)	All of the provisions relating to assessments and			
20	refunds u	nder this chapter and under section 231-23(c)(1) shall			
21	apply to	the tax credit under this section.			



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1	(f) As used in this section, "qualifying taxpayer" means a
2	person subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter.
3	"Qualifying taxpayer" shall not include any person who is
4	claimed or is otherwise eligible to be claimed as a dependent by
5	another taxpayer for federal or Hawaii state individual income
6	tax purposes."
7	SECTION 5. Section 128D-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
9	"(a) There is created within the state treasury an
10	environmental response revolving fund, which shall consist of
11	moneys appropriated to the fund by the legislature, moneys paid
12	to the fund as a result of departmental compliance proceedings,
13	moneys paid to the fund pursuant to court-ordered awards or
14	judgments, moneys paid to the fund in court-approved or
15	out-of-court settlements, all interest attributable to
16	investment of money deposited in the fund, moneys deposited in
17	the fund from the environmental response, energy, carbon
18	emissions, and food security tax pursuant to section 243-3.5,
19	and moneys allotted to the fund from other sources."
20	SECTION 6. Section 201-12.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:



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1	"(a)	There is created within the state treasury an energy
2	security	special fund, which shall consist of:
3	(1)	The portion of the environmental response, energy,
4		carbon emissions, and food security tax specified
5		under section 243-3.5;
6	(2)	Moneys appropriated to the fund by the legislature;
7	(3)	All interest attributable to investment of money
8		deposited in the fund; and
9	(4)	Moneys allotted to the fund from other sources,
10		including under section 196-6.5."
11	SECT	ION 7. Section 243-3.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended t	o read as follows:
13		
	"§24	3-3.5 Environmental response, energy, <u>carbon</u>
14		3-3.5 Environmental response, energy, <u>carbon</u> , and food security tax; uses. (a) In addition to any
14 15	emissions	
	emissions other tax	, and food security tax; uses. (a) In addition to any
15	emissions other tax in sectio	, and food security tax; uses. (a) In addition to any tes provided by law, subject to the exemptions set forth
15 16	emissions other tax in sectio response,	, and food security tax; uses. (a) In addition to any tes provided by law, subject to the exemptions set forth on 243-7, there is hereby imposed a state environmental
15 16 17	emissions other tax in sectio response, each barr	and food security tax; uses. (a) In addition to any thes provided by law, subject to the exemptions set forth on 243-7, there is hereby imposed a state environmental energy, <u>carbon emissions</u> , and food security tax on
15 16 17 18	emissions other tax in sectio response, each barr sold by a	4. and food security tax; uses . (a) In addition to any tes provided by law, subject to the exemptions set forth on 243-7, there is hereby imposed a state environmental energy, <u>carbon emissions</u> , and food security tax on the real of petroleum product of a barrel of petroleum product of a barrel of petroleum product



1	petroleum product [that is not aviation fuel; provided that of
2	the tax collected pursuant to this subsection:] shall be in the
3	amounts provided for each year as follows:
4	<u>2026: \$3.15;</u>
5	<u>2027: \$5.25;</u>
6	<u>2028: \$9.45;</u>
7	2029: \$13.65;
8	<u>2030: \$17.85;</u>
9	2031: \$22.05;
10	2032: \$26.25;
11	2033: \$30.45;
12	2034: \$34.65;
13	2035: \$38.85;
14	2036: \$40.11; and
15	the tax shall be increased by \$1.26 each year thereafter.
16	The tax for each year referenced above shall take effect on
17	January 1 of that year and shall continue until the effective
18	date of the next increment.
19	The tax imposed by this subsection shall be paid by the

20 distributor of the petroleum product.



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1	(b)	Tax revenues collected pursuant to subsection (a)
2	shall be	distributed in the following priority each fiscal year,
3	with the	excess revenues to be deposited into the general fund:
4	(1)	[5 cents of the tax on each barrel] <u>\$1,201,000</u> shall
5		be deposited into the environmental response revolving
6		fund established under section 128D-2;
7	(2)	[4 cents of the tax on each barrel] <u>\$892,800</u> shall be
8		deposited into the energy security special fund
9		established under section 201-12.8;
10	(3)	[5 cents of the tax on each barrel] <u>\$1,116,000</u> shall
11		be deposited into the energy systems development
12		special fund established under section 304A-2169.1;
13	(4)	[3 cents of the tax on each barrel] <u>\$669,600</u> shall be
14		deposited into the electric vehicle charging system
15		subaccount established pursuant to section 269-33(e);
16		[and]
17	(5)	[3 cents of the tax on each barrel] <u>\$669,600</u> shall be
18		deposited into the hydrogen fueling system subaccount
19		established pursuant to section 269-33(f)[\pm];



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1	(6)	\$3,000,000 shall be deposited into the agricultural
2		development and food security special fund established
3		under section 141- ;
4	(7)	\$1,000,000 shall be deposited into the carbon
5		emissions tax and dividend special fund established
6		under section 231- ;
7	(8)	All taxes paid on gasoline or other aviation fuel sold
8		for use in or used for airplanes shall be deposited in
9		the airport revenue fund established under section
10		248-8 to reduce carbon emissions; and
11	(9)	All taxes paid on gasoline, diesel, or other fuel sold
12		for use in or used for small boats shall be deposited
13		in the boating special fund established under
14		section 248-8.
15	[The	tax imposed by this subsection shall be paid by the
16	distribut(or of the petroleum product.
17	(b)]	(c) In addition to subsection (a), the environmental
18	response,	energy, carbon emissions, and food security tax shall
19	also be in	mposed on each one million British thermal units of
20	fossil fue	el sold by a distributor to any retail dealer or end
21	user, othe	er than a refiner, of fossil fuel. The tax [shall be



1	19 cents] on each one million British thermal units of fossil
2	fuel[; provided that of the tax collected pursuant to this
3	subsection:] shall be in the amounts provided for each year as
4	follows:
5	2026: \$0.49;
6	<u>2027: \$0.79;</u>
7	<u>2028: \$1.39;</u>
8	<u>2029: \$1.99;</u>
9	<u>2030: \$2.59;</u>
10	<u>2031: \$3.19;</u>
11	<u>2032: \$3.79;</u>
12	2033: \$4.39;
13	<u>2034: \$4.99;</u>
14	<u>2035: \$5.59;</u>
15	2036: \$5.77; and
16	the tax shall be increased by \$0.18 on each one million British
17	thermal units of fossil fuel each year thereafter.
18	The tax for each year referenced above shall take effect on

- 19 January 1 of that year and shall continue until the effective
- 20 date of the next increment.



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1	The	tax imposed by this subsection shall be paid by the
2	distribut	or of the fossil fuel.
3	(d)	Tax revenues collected pursuant to subsection (c)
4	shall be	distributed in the following priority each fiscal year,
5	with the	excess revenues to be deposited into the general fund:
6	(1)	[4.8 per cent of the tax on each one million British
7		thermal units] \$49,000 shall be deposited into the
8		environmental response revolving fund established
9		under section 128D-2;
10	(2)	[14.3 per cent of the tax on each one million British
11		thermal units] \$147,000 shall be deposited into the
12		energy security special fund established under section
13		201-12.8; and
14	(3)	[9.5 per cent of the tax on each one million British
15		thermal units] <u>\$98,000</u> shall be deposited into the
16		energy systems development special fund established
17		under section 304A-2169.1.
18	[The	-tax-imposed by this subsection shall be paid by the
19	distribut	or of the fossil fuel.
20	(c)]	(e) The tax imposed under subsection [(b)] <u>(c)</u> shall
21	not apply	to coal used to fulfill [a signed] an existing power



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1 purchase agreement between an independent power producer and an 2 electric utility that is in effect as of June 30, 2015[-]; provided that this exemption from taxation shall not apply to 3 4 any extension of an existing power purchase agreement or to any 5 subsequent power purchase agreement. An independent power 6 producer shall be permitted to pass the tax imposed under 7 subsection [(b)] (c) on to an electric utility. In [which 8 case,] any case in which the tax is passed on, the electric 9 utility may recover the cost of the tax through an appropriate 10 surcharge to the end user that is approved by the public 11 utilities commission.

12 [(d)] (f) A gas utility shall be allowed to recover the 13 cost of the tax imposed under subsection [(b)] (c) as part of 14 its fuel cost in its fuel adjustment charge without further 15 approval by the public utilities commission.

16 [(e)] (g) Each distributor subject to the tax imposed by
17 subsection (a) or [(b),] (c), on or before the last day of each
18 calendar month, shall file, in the form and manner prescribed by
19 the department, a return statement of the tax under this section
20 for which the distributor is liable for the preceding month.



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1 The form and payment of the tax shall be transmitted to the 2 department in the form and manner prescribed by the department. [(f)] (h) Notwithstanding section 248-8 to the contrary, 3 the environmental response, energy, carbon emissions, and food 4 security tax collected under this section shall be paid over to 5 6 the director of finance for deposit as provided in subsection 7 [-(a)] (b) or $[-(b)_r]$ (d), as the case may be. 8 [(g)] (i) Every distributor shall keep in the State and 9 preserve for five years a record in a form as the department of 10 taxation shall prescribe showing the total number of barrels, and the fractional part of barrels, of petroleum product or the 11 12 total number of one million British thermal units of fossil fuel, as the case may be, sold by the distributor during any 13 calendar month. The record shall show any other data and 14 figures relevant to the enforcement and administration of this 15 chapter as the department may require. 16

17 [(h)] (j) For the purposes of this section:

18 "Barrel" may be converted to million British thermal units,
19 using the United States Department of Energy, Energy Information
20 Administration annual energy review or annual energy outlook.



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1	"Fossil fuel" means a [hydrocarbon deposit,] <u>fuel,</u> such as		
2	coal, natural gas, or liquefied natural gas, derived from <u>a</u>		
3	hydrocarbon deposit resulting from the accumulated remains of		
4	ancient plants or animals [and used for-fuel]; provided that the		
5	term specifically does not include petroleum product."		
6	SECTION 8. Section 304A-2169.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes,		
7	is amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:		
8	"(b) Deposits into the special fund may be from the		
9	following:		
10	(1) Appropriations from the legislature;		
11	(2) A portion of the environmental response, energy,		
12	carbon emissions, and food security tax pursuant to		
13	section 243-3.5; and		
14	(3) Investment earnings, gifts, donations, or other income		
15	received by the Hawaii natural energy institute."		
16	SECTION 9. The department of taxation shall submit an		
17	interim report to the legislature no later than forty day prior		
18	to the convening of the 2026 regular session on preparations for		
19	the implementation of the carbon cashback program.		
20	The department of taxation shall submit a report to the		
21	legislature no later than forty days prior to the convening of		



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1 each regular session from 2027 until 2035, inclusive, with 2 information about the carbon cashback program. The report shall 3 include revenues from the environmental response, energy, carbon 4 emissions, and food security tax and the amounts distributed 5 through the refundable tax credits under section 235- , Hawaii 6 Revised Statutes. The report shall include any information necessary for the legislature to assess the need to adjust the 7 8 amounts of the refundable tax credits in future years.

9 SECTION 10. The office of planning and sustainable
10 development, in consultation with the department of taxation,
11 shall submit a report to the legislature no later than forty
12 days prior to the convening of the regular session of 2035. The
13 report shall include an evaluation of the carbon cashback
14 program and any recommended changes to the program, including
15 proposed legislation.

16 SECTION 11. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 17 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.



SECTION 12. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
 provided that sections 4 and 7 shall take effect on January 1,
 2026, and shall apply to taxable years beginning after
 December 31, 2025.
 INTRODUCED BY:

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Report Title:

Environmental Response, Energy, and Food Security Tax; Carbon Emissions; Tax Credit; Agricultural Development and Food Security Special Fund

Description:

Amends the environmental response, energy, and food security tax to address carbon emissions. Incrementally increases the tax rate over time. Establishes a refundable tax credit to mitigate the effect of a carbon emissions tax on taxpayers. Reenacts the agricultural development and food security special fund. Requires reports to the Legislature.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

