

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 HB3023

by Rep. Lawrence "Larry" Walsh, Jr.

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act 35 ILCS 5/234 new

Creates the Hydrogen Fuel Replacement Tax Credit Act. Creates an income tax credit in an amount equal to \$1 per kilogram of eligible zero-carbon hydrogen used by the eligible taxpayer during the tax year for which a credit is sought. Provides that the credit shall be increased by \$0.15 per kilogram of eligible zero-carbon hydrogen if the eligible taxpayer uses contractors or employs labor at a project location in an equity investment eligible community. Effective immediately.

LRB103 30261 HLH 56689 b

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1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Hydrogen Fuel Replacement Tax Credit Act.
- Section 5. Legislative findings; purpose. The General
  Assembly finds that:
  - (1) the health, welfare, and prosperity of all Illinois citizens require that the State of Illinois act to reduce carbon emissions and other air pollutants in the State:
  - (2) the State currently invests in a variety of strategies to reduce carbon emissions and other air pollutants, including, but not limited to, strategies that encourage the use of renewable energy, nuclear energy, energy efficient processes, and low-emission vehicles;
  - (3) zero-carbon hydrogen can be produced through the electrolysis of water using electricity generated by emissions-free energy sources or through methods involving carbon capture and sequestration; and
  - (4) replacing fossil fuels with zero-carbon hydrogen will reduce carbon emissions and other air pollutants and benefit the environment and public health of this State.

- This Act is intended to encourage the replacement of fossil fuels with zero-carbon hydrogen, promote decarbonization, and encourage the production and use of zero-carbon hydrogen for the purpose of improving the State's air quality.
- 6 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 7 "Attestation" means a statement that is made under penalty 8 of perjury by a producer under Section 13 and Section 30.
- 9 "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- "Eligible taxpayer" means a taxpayer that:
- 11 (1) is subject to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 12 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act;
- 13 (2) has eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use for which 14 the producer has provided an attestation under Section 13;
- 15 (3) complies with subsection (e) of Section 15, if 16 applicable; and
- 17 (4) is allocated credits by the Department under 18 Section 25.
- "Eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use" means the consumption, in Illinois, of zero-carbon hydrogen.
- "Environmental attribute credit" means a renewable energy credit, zero-emission credit, or carbon mitigation credit, as those terms are defined in Sections 1-10 and 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act, or any other environmental attribute credit tracked by the Generation Attribute Tracking

- 1 System run by PJM Interconnection, LLC.
- 2 "Environmental justice community" has the meaning provided
- 3 in the Illinois Power Agency's long-term renewable resources
- 4 procurement plan.
- 5 "Producer" means a zero-carbon hydrogen producer.
- 6 "Renewable energy resource" has the same meaning as
- 7 provided in Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power Agency Act as
- 8 that Act exists on the effective date of this Act.
- 9 "Zero-carbon hydrogen" means hydrogen that has a carbon
- 10 intensity of 0.45 or below and complies with the rules of the
- 11 hydrogen production tax credit available under 26 U.S.C. 45V.
- "Zero-emission facility" has the meaning provided in
- 13 Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power Agency Act as that Act
- exists on the effective date of this Act.
- 15 Section 15. Attestation required. Each taxpayer seeking
- 16 credits under this Act shall submit with its application for
- 17 credits under this Act an attestation from the producer, made
- under penalty of perjury, that the producer:
- 19 (a) has achieved a carbon intensity of 0.45 or below; and
- 20 (b) has complied with the rules of the hydrogen production
- 21 tax credit available under 26 U.S.C. 45V in determining the
- 22 carbon intensity.
- 23 Section 20. Allowable credit.
- 24 (a) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2023, a

- credit is allowed against the taxes imposed on an eligible taxpayer under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act in an amount equal to \$1 per kilogram of eligible zero-carbon hydrogen used by the eligible taxpayer during the tax year for which a credit is sought.
  - (b) The allowable credit provided in subsection (a) of this Section shall be increased by \$0.15 per kilogram of eligible zero-carbon hydrogen if the use of the zero-carbon hydrogen by the eligible taxpayer occurs in an environmental justice community.
  - (c) The allowable credit provided in subsection (a) of this Section shall be increased by \$0.15 per kilogram of eligible zero-carbon hydrogen if the eligible taxpayer uses contractors or employs labor at a project location in an equity investment eligible community, as defined in Section 5-5 of the Energy Transition Act on the effective date of this Act, to convert existing equipment or install new equipment to enable eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use for which a credit is claimed under this Act.
  - (d) An eligible taxpayer may not earn tax credits for eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use in an amount that exceeds the amount of tax credit allocated to it under Section 25. The credit or credits may not reduce the taxpayer's liability to less than zero. An eligible taxpayer may carry forward any tax credit that has been earned but not used (or transferred pursuant to Section 35) for a period of up to 5 tax years after

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the last tax year in which a credit was earned by that taxpayer for eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use. Unused credits that are not transferred pursuant to Section 35 shall expire at the end of this 5-year carryforward period.

(e) Labor performed on or after the effective date of this Act to convert the eligible taxpayer's existing equipment or to install for the eligible taxpayer new equipment that will enable eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use for which a credit is claimed under this Act shall be performed by general contractors that enter into a project labor agreement, as defined by the Illinois Power Agency Act, prior construction. The project labor agreement shall be filed with the Department. At a minimum, the project labor agreement must provide the names, addresses, and occupations of the owner of the facilities and the individuals representing the labor organization employees participating in the project labor agreement consistent with the Project Labor Agreements Act. The agreement must also specify the terms and conditions as defined by the Illinois Power Agency Act. Any information submitted pursuant to this subsection (e) shall be considered commercially sensitive information.

Section 25. Credit availability. Beginning with the State fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, and in each subsequent State fiscal year, the total amount of tax credits to be allocated by the Department to taxpayers for eligible zero-carbon hydrogen

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- use occurring in a tax year ending during that State fiscal year shall not exceed \$100,000,000, plus the amount of tax credits that were available to be allocated for eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use in the tax year ending during the
- 5 prior State fiscal year but were not allocated.
- 6 Section 30. Credit allocation by the Department.
  - (a) Taxpayers shall notify the Department, by January 1, 2023, of the dollar amount of credit the taxpayer estimates it will earn for eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use in tax years ending on or after December 31, 2023 and ending on or before June 30, 2024. For tax years ending on or after July 1, 2024, taxpayers shall notify the Department of the dollar amount of credit the taxpayer estimates it will earn for eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use by January 1 immediately preceding the first day of the fiscal year in which the tax year ends.
    - (b) The Department shall notify each taxpayer of the dollar amount of credit allocated to that taxpayer for zero-carbon hydrogen use. That notification shall occur by March 1 following the date on which the taxpayer notifies the Department of its estimated zero-carbon hydrogen use under subsection (a). The taxpayer must notify the Department within 30 days after the notification by the Department under this subsection (b) if it wishes to surrender its allocation.
  - (c) The Department shall not allocate any credit under this Act to a taxpayer for a tax year that ends on or after

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- December 31, 2032 if the taxpayer has not previously claimed a credit under this Act for eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use.
  - (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section or Section 30, the Department shall not allocate credits under this Act to a taxpayer for more than 10 years.
    - (e) The amount of credit allocated to a taxpayer by the Department in subsection (b) of this Section shall be the maximum credit that the taxpayer is permitted to earn for the tax year ending in the State fiscal year for which credits are allocated.
    - (f) In years when the total allocation of credits sought by taxpayers exceeds the available credits to be allocated to all taxpayers under Section 20, a taxpayer that fails to earn credit for eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use for at least 90% of the credit allocated to that taxpayer shall pay a penalty equal to the dollar amount of tax credit allocated but unearned. This subsection shall not apply if a taxpayer's failure to use its full allocation of credits is due to an extraordinary event that was unforeseen at the time of the requested allocation under subsection (a) of this Section or the 30-day surrender period in subsection (b) of this Section, such as an unexpected outage of the generator providing electricity used to produce zero-carbon hydrogen, unexpected outage of the hydrogen production facility, or an unexpected outage of the taxpayer's facility using the zero-carbon hydrogen.

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- 1 (g) Except as provided in Section 35, an allocation may 2 not be transferred, sold, or otherwise conveyed, nor may an 3 allocation be rolled forward to a subsequent year.
- Section 35. Prioritization of tax credit allocation. If the total amount of tax credits sought by taxpayers under Section 25 exceeds the total amount of tax credits that are allowed to be allocated under Section 20, the Department shall prioritize allocation as follows:
  - (1) any credits shall be allocated to eligible taxpayers who previously received a credit allocation and who engaged in eligible zero-carbon hydrogen use in the prior calendar year, up to a maximum amount equal to their most recent allocation. If there are insufficient credits available, then each taxpayer's allocation shall be pro-rated by the same percentage reduction.
  - (2) any remaining credits for the fiscal year shall be allocated to taxpayers in proportion to their requested allocation, excluding any amount already allocated to a taxpayer pursuant to subsections (1) of this Section. To the extent there are remaining credits available, any such allocation shall be conducted on a quarterly basis.
  - (3) Any eligible taxpayer seeking an allocation under this section shall provide to the Department an attestation that such taxpayer has the intent and capability to use the entirety of any such allotment of

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1 eligible zero-carbon hydrogen.

(4) Report. On an annual basis, the Department shall publish a report describing the total aggregate allocations requested by all taxpayers, the total aggregate allocations granted by the Department, the total aggregate credits actually claimed by taxpayers and the total penalties due pursuant to Section 25f.

Section 40. Transfer of credits.

- (a) Any eligible taxpayer earning tax credits under this Act (referred to in this Section as the assignor), which tax credits have been allocated and earned but not yet used by the eligible taxpayer against its tax liability for any tax year and which have not expired, may sell, assign, convey, or otherwise transfer such credits. The taxpayer acquiring the credits (referred to in this Section as the assignee) may use the amount of the acquired credits against the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act for the tax year in which the assignee acquired the credit and may carry forward any unused credit for 5 tax years after the tax year in which the assignee acquired the credit.
- (b) The Department shall certify the eligibility of the credit to be transferred by the assignor upon assignor's application to the Department. The application shall set forth the hydrogen producer's name and attestation, the amount of

- 1 all credits earned and previously used by the assignor, the
- 2 amount of all credits earned and unused by the assignor, the
- 3 amount of credits proposed to be transferred, and the
- 4 assignee's name and tax identification number. The Department
- 5 shall thereafter certify whether the amount of credits
- 6 proposed to be transferred to the assignee is available to the
- 7 assignor.
- 8 Section 45. Severability. If any provision of this Act or
- 9 its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid,
- 10 the invalidity of that provision or application does not
- 11 affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can
- 12 be given effect without the invalid provision or application.
- 13 Section 900. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
- 14 adding Section 234 as follows:
- 15 (35 ILCS 5/234 new)
- 16 Sec. 234. Hydrogen Fuel Replacement Tax Credit Act.
- 17 Taxpayers who are awarded a credit under the Hydrogen Fuel
- 18 Replacement Tax Credit Act are entitled to a credit as
- 19 provided in that Act.
- 20 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 21 becoming law.