STATE OF NEW YORK

2265

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 22, 2019

	Introduced by M. of A. JOYNER, ORTIZ, HEVESI, ROZIC, BRONSON, SIMON
	read once and referred to the Committee on Labor
"Empowe	AN ACT to amend the labor law, in relation to enacting the
ыпроме	People in Rights Enforcement (EMPIRE) Worker Protection Act"
Assem-	The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and
ASSem	bly, do enact as follows:
1 as	Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited
2 Protect	the "Empowering People in Rights Enforcement (EMPIRE) Worker ion
3 4	Act". § 2. Legislative findings. 1. The legislature finds and declares
that 5	violations of the labor law are often systemic, affecting many
workers 6	
labor	5
7 of	law's strong protections for workers, limits on the availability
8	public enforcement resources have deleterious effects on the
marketp	
9	by allowing abuses targeting workers to persist unprosecuted. To
ensure 10	the robust enforcement of the labor law, while minimizing the outlay
of	the lobuse enforcement of the lubbi law, while minimizing the outlay
11 public	scarce state funds, this act allows private individuals to bring
12	enforcement actions in certain contexts in which the state does not
have	
13	the means to fully enforce labor law protections.

3. The legislature further finds and declares that the purpose of 14 the 15 EMPIRE Worker Protection Act is to create a means of empowering citizens 16 as private attorneys general to enforce the New York labor law. 17 4. The legislature further finds and declares that the purpose of the 18 EMPIRE Worker Protection Act is to incentivize private parties to 19 recover civil penalties for the government that otherwise may not have 20 been assessed and collected by overburdened state enforcement agencies. 21 Such representative actions are an efficient mechanism to limit systemic 22 violations, will enforce the rights of more workers, and can benefit the 23 department of labor with enhanced resources. 5. The legislature further finds and declares that the purpose of 24 the 25 EMPIRE Worker Protection Act is to benefit those employers who are oper-EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted. LBD00280-01-9 A. 2265 2 1 ating within the labor law, and who, as a result, face unfair competi-2 tion from individuals and entities shirking the labor law. 6. The legislature further finds and declares that the purpose of 3 the 4 EMPIRE Worker Protection Act is to incentivize labor organizations and 5 not-for-profit organizations to aid working people to report violations 6 of the New York labor law. 7. The legislature further finds and declares that the purpose of 7 the 8 EMPIRE Worker Protection Act is to facilitate whistleblowers suffering 9 from violations of the New York labor law to report abuses without fear 10 of retaliation and intimidation. 8. The legislature further finds and declares that the EMPIRE 11 Worker 12 Protection Act is part of a history both in New York state and in the 13 United States of laws enabling private citizens to aid in public 14 enforcement in the whistleblower and more recently in the labor context. 15 In similar qui tam legislation enabling private citizens to aid in

16 public enforcement, the resulting action is in reality a public enforce-17 ment action. 18 9. The legislature further finds and declares that the EMPIRE Worker 19 Protection Act further increases the capacity of the department of labor 20 as almost all of the department of labor's investigatory work is comp-21 laint-driven rather than agency-driven. Moreover, the EMPIRE Worker 22 Protection Act will help offset the loss of human capital at the depart-23 ment due to the decrease in senior labor investigators and stagnant 24 numbers of labor investigators employed by the department of labor since 25 2008. 26 10. The legislature further finds and declares that the mandate of the 27 EMPIRE Worker Protection Act is consistent with the legislature's 28 commitment to enhance worker protections, especially for low-wage work-29 ers, as the majority of wages owed by employers according to department 30 of labor statistics are based on minimum wage violations. § 3. The labor law is amended by adding a new article 33 to read 31 as 32 follows: 33 ARTICLE 33 34 EMPOWERING PEOPLE IN RIGHTS ENFORCEMENT (EMPIRE) WORKER PROTECTION ACT 35 Section 960. Definitions. 961. Public enforcement action. 36 962. Procedure. 37 963. Construction and non-application. 38 § 960. Definitions. As used in this article, the following terms 39 shall 40 have the following meanings: 1. "aggrieved employee" means any employee as defined by section 41 two 42 of article one of this chapter who was employed by the alleged violator 43 employer and against whom one of the alleged violations was committed, 44 as well as any person who is not classified by a business as an employee 45 but who claims to be an employee and whose claims against the purported 46 employer relate to this alleged misclassification. 47 2. "employer" means any employer as defined by section two of article 48 one of this chapter. 49 3. "representative organization" means a labor organization as defined

_	50	by subdivision five of section seven hundred one of article twenty		
<u>of</u>	51	this chapter or a not-for-profit corporation, as defined by		
subpara-				
of	52	graphs five and seven of paragraph (a) of section one hundred two		
	53	article one of the not-for-profit corporation law, which not-for-		
pro	fit 54	corporation regularly advocates on behalf of workers or employees		
and	/or 55			
of	55	regularly advocates for or assists in enforcement of the provisions		
	56	this chapter. A. 2265 3		
thi	1	4. "public enforcement action" means an action brought under		
	2	article intended to enforce this chapter's protections enforceable		
by	3	the commissioner.		
	4	5. "commissioner" shall, for the purposes of this article, include		
the	5	commissioner, and any division, board, commission, or part of		
the	-			
for	6	department authorized to impose or seek penalties or other remedies		
101	7	violations of this chapter.		
emp	8 10y-	§ 961. Public enforcement action. 1. An aggrieved employee or		
<u>emp</u>	9	ees or a representative organization may initiate a public		
enf	orce 10	ment action on behalf of the commissioner for any provision of this		
cha	pter			
civ	11 il	or any regulation promulgated thereunder, that provides for a		
	12	penalty to be assessed and collected by the commissioner for a		
vio	lati 13	on of this chapter, or any regulation promulgated thereunder, on behalf		
of	-			
the	14	himself or herself and other current or former employees pursuant to		
	15	procedures specified in section nine hundred sixty-two of this		
art	icle 16	\cdot An aggrieved employee or a representative organization may allege		
mul				
	17 18	ple violations that have affected different employees. 2. a. For purposes of this section, whenever the commissioner		
has	10	Z. a. FOI pulposes of this section, whenever the commissioner		
+-	19	discretion to assess a civil penalty, a court shall be authorized		
to	20	exercise the same discretion to assess a civil penalty. To the		
ext	ent 21	that the commissioner is authorized to determine that an employer		
has		that the commissioner is authorized to determine that an employer		
+ h c	22	violated a provision of this chapter or regulation promulgated		
the	-e-			

23 under, in a public enforcement action, a court shall be authorized to 24 determine that an employer has committed such a violation. 25 b. For all provisions of this chapter and regulations adopted pursuant 26 to this chapter, except those for which a civil penalty is specifically 27 provided, there is established a civil penalty of five hundred dollars 28 for each aggrieved employee per pay period per violation. A court may 29 not award a lesser amount, unless, based on the facts and circumstances 30 of the particular case, the employer demonstrates that to do otherwise 31 would result in an award that is unjust, arbitrary and oppressive, \mathtt{or} 32 confiscatory. 33 c. Any aggrieved employee or a representative organization who 34 prevails in any public enforcement action shall be entitled to an award 35 of reasonable attorney's fees and costs. d. Nothing in this section shall operate to limit an aggrieved 36 employ-37 ee's right to pursue or recover other remedies available under state or 38 federal law, either separately or concurrently with an action taken 39 under this section. 3. Civil penalties recovered by aggrieved employees or a 40 representative organization in public enforcement actions shall be 41 distributed follows: forty-five percent to the aggrieved employee or 42 as employees; and fifty-five percent to the commissioner for enforcement of this 43 chap-44 ter and education of employers and employees about their rights and 45 responsibilities under this chapter, to be continuously appropriated to 46 supplement and not supplant the funding to the agency for those purposes. If an aggrieved employee or employees elect a 47 representative 48 organization to bring the public enforcement action, civil penalties recovered shall be distributed as follows: thirty percent to 49 the 50 aggrieved employee or employees; fifteen percent to the representative organization; fifty-five percent to the commissioner for enforcement 51 of this chapter and education of employers and employees about their 52 rights

53	and responsibilities under this chapter, to be continuously		
appropr			
54	to supplement and not supplant the funding to the agency for		
those			
55	purposes.		
	A. 2265 4		
1	The right to bring a public enforcement action under this		
article			
2	shall not be subject to private agreements between an aggrieved		
employe			
3	and an employer or purported employer. 5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a public		
enforce			
5	action to recover upon a penalty imposed by this article must		
be			
6	commenced within six years. The statute of limitations for		
bringin			
7	representative action under this article shall be tolled from the		
date			
8	an aggrieved employee or a representative organization files a		
notice			
9	pursuant to section nine hundred sixty-two of this article with		
the			
10 whichev	commissioner or the commissioner commences an investigation,		
11	is earlier.		
12	6. Public enforcement actions belong to the state and preclude		
subse-	<u> </u>		
13	quent state enforcement efforts, whether brought by the state or		
an			
14	aggrieved employee or representative organization; provided,		
however	<u>/</u>		
15	public enforcement actions are not duplicative of private		
actions			
16	related to the same issues or touching the same nucleus of		
operati 17	facts. Therefore, a public enforcement action brought under this		
arti-	<u>acts.</u> meletore, a public enforcement action brought under this		
18	cle does not have any preclusive effect on private actions		
address			
19	 similar wrongdoing.		
20	7. The commissioner shall establish a publicly available database		
of			
21	public enforcement actions brought pursuant to this article,		
includi			
22	the parties, the disposition and any other information which the		
commis-	sisses shall be semilation encouche		
23 24	sioner shall by regulation prescribe.		
aggriev	§ 962. Procedure. 1. No public enforcement action by an ed		
25 employee or a representative organization pursuant to section			
nine			
26	hundred sixty-one of this article alleging a violation of any		
provision			
27	of this chapter may be commenced:		

a. prior to thirty days after written notice has been given by 28 the 29 aggrieved employee or a representative organization to the commissioner. Such written notice shall be given in such a manner as the 30 commissioner 31 may prescribe by regulation, shall be construed in a light favorable to 32 aggrieved employee or representative organization, the and shall 33 include: (i) the name, address and contact information of the employer. 34 35 (ii) the name, address, occupation and contact information of the 36 aggrieved employee. 37 (iii) the name, address and contact information of the representative 38 organization, if the action is brought by a representative organization. 39 (iv) the name, address and contact information of the aggrieved employee's legal counsel, should one exist. 40 41 (v) a statement of the underlying claim. 42 (vi) estimated number of employees affected. 43 b. if the commissioner, at any time prior to the end of the thirty day 44 notice period prescribed in paragraph a of this subdivision or prior to 45 commencement of such action, whichever is later, and upon written notice to the aggrieved employee who provided the notice prescribed in 46 paragraph a of this subdivision, has commenced and is actively 47 prosecuting an administrative enforcement proceeding pursuant to this chapter 48 rela-49 tive to the alleged violation. 50 c. if the commissioner, on the same facts and theories, cites a person 51 within the timeframes set forth in this section for a violation of the 52 same section or sections of this chapter under which the aggrieved 53 employee or representative organization is attempting to recover a civil 54 penalty or remedy on behalf of himself or herself or others. 55 2. The commissioner may intervene in the public enforcement action and 56 proceed with any and all claims in the action: A. 2265 5 a. as of right within the thirty day notice period prescribed in 1 para-2 graph a of subdivision one of this section; or b. for good cause, as determined by the court, after the expiration 3 of

4 the thirty day notice period prescribed in paragraph a of subdivision one of this section. 6 3. a. The aggrieved employee or representative organization shall, within ten days following commencement of a civil action pursuant 7 to this article, provide the commissioner with a file-stamped copy of 8 the 9 complaint that includes the case number assigned by the court. 10 b. Either the commissioner or a federal or state court of competent jurisdiction shall review and approve any settlement of any civil 11 action 12 filed pursuant to this section. The commissioner or court shall approve the settlement if it is fair, reasonable, and adequate, in light of 13 the 14 statutory purpose of the provision of this chapter alleged to have been 15 violated and the purpose of the EMPIRE Worker Protection Act. A copy of the court's judgment in any civil action filed 16 c. pursuant to this article and any other order in that action that either 17 provides 18 for or denies an award of civil penalties under this article shall be submitted to the commissioner within ten days after entry of the 19 judg-20 ment or order. 21 d. Items required to be submitted to the commissioner under this 22 subdivision shall be transmitted in such a manner as the commissioner shall prescribe for the filing of notices under paragraph a of 23 subdivi-24 sion one of this section. 25 4. If a representative organization initiates a public enforcement 26 action pursuant to this article, an aggrieved employee must elect the 27 representative organization in writing in a form which the commissioner 28 shall by regulation prescribe. In such cases, the aggrieved employee's 29 name and personal identifying information shall be kept confidential if 30 the aggrieved employee so chooses. 31 5. Such regulations prescribed pursuant to paragraph a of subdivision 32 one of this section shall provide for the right of the aggrieved employ-33 ee or representative organization to furnish an amended notice, after 34 the notice by the commissioner to the aggrieved employee or represen-

35 tative organization that the original notice was not in compliance with 36 this section or the regulations issued thereunder and specifying with 37 particularity what the deficiencies were in the original notice. Such notice and opportunity to amend shall be provided by the 38 commissioner within thirty days of the original notice or the original notice 39 shall 40 be deemed in compliance with this section. The aggrieved employee or 41 representative organization shall have thirty days from receiving notice 42 from the commissioner that their original notice was not in compliance 43 with this section to amend the notice. the purposes of determining whether the aggrieved employee 44 For 6. or 45 representative organization complied with this section, the notice shall 46 be construed in a light favorable to the employee or representative 47 organization. § 963. Construction and non-application. 1. This article shall 48 not 49 apply to the recovery of administrative and civil penalties in 50 connection with the unemployment insurance law as contained in article 51 eighteen of this chapter. 52 2. This article shall not apply to the recovery of administrative and 53 civil penalties in connection with the New York state labor relations act as contained in article twenty of this chapter. 54 55 3. Severability. If any word, phrase, clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this article or the application 56 thereof A. 2265 6 1 to any person or circumstances shall be adjudged invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such order or judgment shall be confined in 2 its 3 operation to the controversy in which it was rendered, and shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of this article, but shall 4 be 5 confined in its operation to the word, phrase, clause, sentence, para-6 graph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the 7 controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. 4. This article shall be construed in light of its remedial 8 purposes

- 9 to expand the enforcement of this chapter. \$ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.